

# Lecture of Theoretical Physics II: Electrodynamics

- 1. Einsteinian Fundamental Postulates of Special Relativity**
- 2. Special Theory of Relativity - Basic Kinematic Results**

Lorentz transformations - light cone - causality - length contraction and time dilation - time interval - four-vector of velocity - addition of velocities - transformation of acceleration
- 3. Relativistic Mechanics**

stationary principle - momentum and energy - relativistic equation of motion
- 4. Relativistic Lagrangian of a Charged Particle in an Electromagnetic Field**

action integral - equation of motion - gauge invariance - electromagnetic field tensor - Lorentz transformation of fields - invariants
- 5. Covariant Formulation of Electrodynamics**

first group of Maxwell's equations - Lagrangian for fields - continuity equation - second group of Maxwell's equations - energy momentum tensor - symmetric stress tensor - conservation laws - Maxwell's equations in SI units
- 6. Time-Independent Electromagnetic Field**

Electrostatics: scalar potential, Poisson equation - field and potential of a point charge - Green's function - charge distributions and electric multipole expansion;  
magnetic field of steady currents: vector potential, gauge transformations, Biot-Savart's law, current distributions - magnetic dipole
- 7. Electromagnetic Waves and Wave Propagation**

wave equation - plane waves - harmonic time dependence - polarization - aberration of light - Doppler effect - Fourier decomposition - fundamental modes - spheric waves - geometrical optics, Eikonal equation - coherence and interference of electromagnetic waves - Kirchhoff's theory of diffraction and Huygen's principle - Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction
- 8. Electromagnetic Fields of Moving Charges and Time-Dependent Currents**

quasi-stationarity - retarded potentials - Liénard-Wiechert potentials - radiation of a relativistic accelerated charge - electric dipole radiation
- 9. Maxwell's Equations for Continuous Media**

averaging microscopic Maxwell equations - polarization and magnetization - boundary conditions at the interface between different media
- 10. Electrostatics of Conductors and Dielectrics**

energy of the electromagnetic fields of conductors - selected techniques for the solution of problems in electrostatics (image method, conformal transformations) - electrostatic field in insulators
- 11. Magnetostatics of Macroscopic Media**

magnetic materials - quasi-stationary currents (energy, self- and mutual-inductance) - magnetic shielding
- 12. Electromagnetic Waves in Matter**

normal and anomalous dispersion - analytic properties of the dielectric function - Kramers-Kronig relations - sum rules - propagation of electromagnetic waves in dielectric materials - reflection and diffraction - Fresnel's formula, wave propagation in dissipative media - surface impedance - Skin effect - reflection by an imperfect conductor - cylindrical wave guides - cavity resonators